```
CMPS 5J - Lab 6
Winter 2018
Due: Sunday February 25 @ 11:59pm
```

Complete exercise 7-8 in Learning Processing, attached here on page 2.
What to turn in
Turn in your program created from exercise 7-8 in a file called lab6.pde to Canvas.

Exercise 7-8: Write a function that takes one argument - F for Fabrenheit — and computes the result of the following equation (converting the temperature to Celsius). Hint: in Processing if you divide an integer by an integer you will get an integer, same with floating point! In other words, $1 / 2$ evaluates to 0 while 1.0/2.0 evaluates to 0.5 .

```
// Formula: C = (F - 32) * (5/9)
```

______ convertToCelsius(float ______-_)
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
\}

## 7-8 Zoog reorganization

Zoog is now ready for a fairly major overhaul.

- Reorganize Zoog with two functions: drawZoog() and jiggleZoog (). Just for variety, I am going to have Zoog jiggle (move randomly in both the x and y directions) instead of bouncing back and forth.
- Incorporate parameters so that Zoog's jiggliness is determined by the mouseX position and Zoog's eye color is determined by Zoog's distance to the mouse.

Example 7-6. Zoog with functions

```
float x = 100;
float y = 100;
float w = 60;
float h = 60;
float eyeSize = 16;
void setup() {
    size(200, 200);
}
void draw() {
    background(255); // Draw a white background
    // A color based on distance from the mouse
    float d = dist(x, y, mouseX, mouseY);
    color c = color(d);
    // mouseX position determines speed factor for moveZoog function
    float factor = constrain(mouseX/10, 0, 5);
```

jiggleZoog(factor); drawZoog(c);

The code for changing the variables associated with Zoog and displaying Zoog is moved outside of draw () and into functions called here. The functions are given arguments, such as "jiggle Zoog by the following factor" and "draw Zoog with the following eye color."

